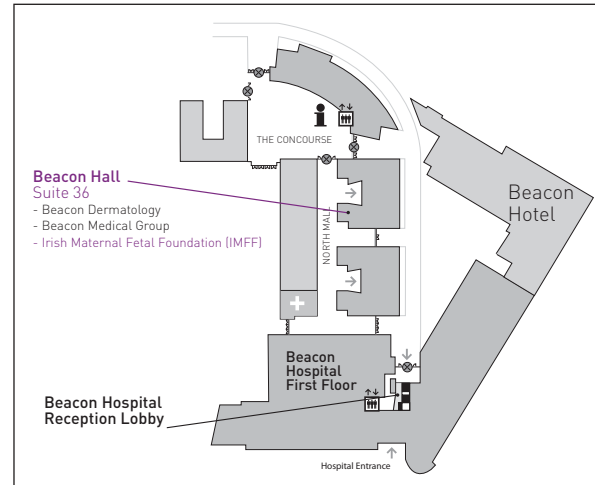


Irish Maternal Fetal Foundation

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Patient Information Fetal Anomaly Scan

From N11/ Leopardstown Race Course

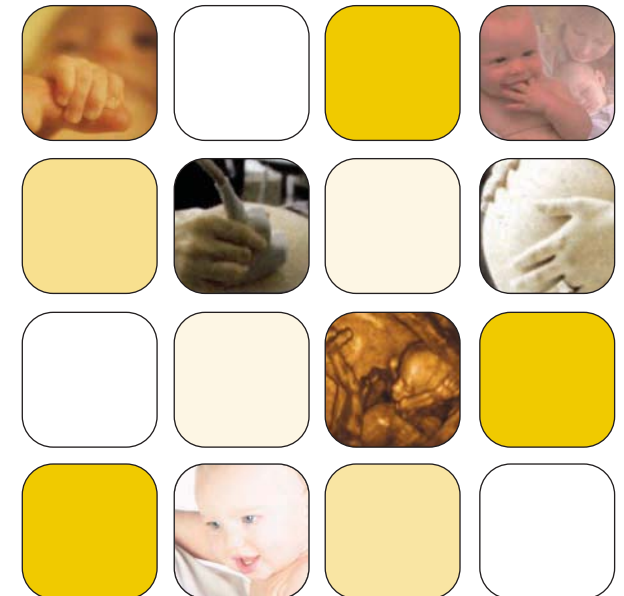
- Drive the N11 Dual Carriage Way towards Greystones/Wexford
- Turn right onto Leopardstown Road
- Go past Leopardstown Racecourse entrance (on left)
- Take third exit on Leopardstown Roundabout onto Burton Hall Road
- Follow Burton Hall Road down to T Junction and turn left onto Blackthorn Road
- Follow road around and turn into Beacon Court underground car park at end of road on left.

From M50

- Head to end of M50 Southbound and take exit for Sandyford/Dundrum
- Take 3rd turn off roundabout sign posted for Sandyford
- Follow road around to left until you come to a T-Junction and turn right
- Turn right onto Blackthorn Road which is the first road on the right (after Beacon Hotel)
- Immediate right turn into Beacon Court underground car park
- Follow signage to Irish Maternal Fetal Foundation (lift)

Parking is accessed off Blackthorn Road in a Pay & Display area in Beacon Court underground car park.

Please keep to your right when you come into the car park and park in the visitors car park which is located just to the right as you come in.



Information about Fetal Anomaly Scan (FAS)

Most women are offered a detailed ultrasound scan at about 20 weeks to see if your baby is developing normally. This is known as the Fetal Anomaly Scan (FAS).

A large amount of detail about your baby will be visible at this scan, which sometimes includes 3-D and 4-D pictures. Seeing your baby on the ultrasound screen is a very exciting and emotional time. Your partner is welcome to share this experience with you.

Why have a Fetal Anomaly Scan?

The vast majority of babies are normal. However all women, whatever their age, have a small chance of delivering a baby with a physical or a mental limitation. Many such abnormalities can be diagnosed and ruled out with the Fetal Anomaly Scan. Reasons to have this scan include:

- To reassure you that your baby is likely to be normal
- To confirm the gestational age of your pregnancy
- To confirm the number of fetuses and, if twins, whether they are identical or not
- To detect birth defects, such as a spina bifida or heart problems
- If you are concerned about the chances of chromosome problems like Down syndrome, this scan can search for subtle markers that may suggest a higher risk that your baby may have one of these problems
- If you want to know your baby's gender this can usually be seen at this scan

When you attend for this scan we will tell you about everything that we see, unless you advise us that there are certain things that you don't want to know about, such as your baby's gender or markers for chromosome problems.

What can this scan detect?

This ultrasound scan is very accurate but unfortunately it cannot diagnose 100% of congenital abnormalities. If the scan is complete, we would expect to pick up at least 95% of cases of spina bifida, 80% of cases of cleft lip or palate, and 60% to 70% of cases of congenital heart disease. This scan can also identify 50% to 70% of cases of Down syndrome, but the First Trimester Screening (FTS) test is better for this. Because 30% to 50% of cases of Down syndrome appear normal on ultrasound, only an amniocentesis can give you this information for certain. It is also important to realise that ultrasound scans in pregnancy do not detect problems like cerebral palsy or autism.

Sometimes babies with chromosomal abnormalities have signs called ultrasound markers. These include thick skin in the neck, excess fluid in the kidneys, short arms or legs, white spots in the baby's heart or abdomen, or choroid plexus cysts in the brain.

While some babies with chromosomal abnormalities have these markers, it is important to remember that many normal babies also have these signs. The only way to diagnose or exclude a chromosomal problem for certain is to have an amniocentesis. If you would prefer not to know about these markers please inform us prior to the scan.

If the scan suggests a problem, you will be informed. You will be able to discuss the findings the same day with a consultant who specializes in fetal medicine.

A full support service will be available for you should any problems be detected, including a referral to an appropriate pediatrician. A copy of your report will be sent to your referring hospital, doctor or midwife to ensure good communication

Outcome of the pregnancy

Following the completion of the Fetal Anomaly Scan, you will be given an outcome form and we would be grateful if you would complete this and return it to us, when your pregnancy is finished. This information is important for us to keep track of how well our service is performing and for our continuing research in fetal medicine. We may also need to contact you again, your GP or your hospital to obtain further details about your pregnancy and your baby's health. All such information will be treated as confidential and anonymous data may be used for our research.

If you prefer that we do not collect this information, please tick this box.

Once you have finished reading this form please sign and date below and return the form to the Irish Maternal Fetal Foundation.

- I have read the background information about the Fetal Anomaly Scan, and I understand the difference between a screening and a diagnostic test
- I understand that the Fetal Anomaly Scan provides information about the chances that my baby is healthy or may have an abnormality, but it cannot guarantee either of these outcomes

Name

Signature

Date